

#IAW2020
International Archives Week 2020
8th – 14th June 2020

International Archives Week Challenge

Choose a Year and find a Document!

1820

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1820

In 2019, the Town Archives of Ieper (Belgium) and the Historical Archive Celje (Slovenia) participated for the first time in marking the International Archives Day, which archives all over the world celebrate every year on 9th of June. In mid-May 2020 conversations took place on how to highlight the importance of archives in society together and upgrade it into a spontaneous small international project. We agreed on a simple initiative to mutually publish one interesting document, which has been written exactly two hundred years ago, in 1820.

But soon after the confirmation of this agreement, both initiators of the cooperation, Rik Opsommer and Borut Batagelj, agreed that our small project could achieve a much better effect with a little more effort. So, about a week later, we invited a few more archives from other countries to the project. In order to shape the project a bit more in a simple, more transparent and structured way we decided to invite a few more archives to participate, with the decision that only one archive from each EU State would participate. We specified the project further and tried to invite archives which cover their archival service at different levels. Thus, archives operating at various levels, from state, regional, municipal to city or local archives working as departments of other public services.

Furthermore, this approach was actually upgrading the level, which is clearly visible from the content level of the presented archival materials. The archival institutions as well as the invaluable material they safeguard is on the one hand, very similar and, on the other hand, quite different. This was actually one of the goals of publishing the documents from 1820. We wanted to show the great importance of the materials we keep, but at the same time we wanted to highlight the differences that enrich us as well as making each of us more unique.

We would like to thank all the institutions and contact persons for their very quick response and willingness to work together to prepare our common celebration of International Archives Week 2020.

Archives in alphabetical order of partner States

A / Archive
R / Reference code
T / Title
D / Description



- A / **SCHRUNS**, Montafon Museum & Montafon Archiv (Austria)
- R / MA: ZKA: Montafon 3/1.0 (Alpe Mareu): Box 1 for large-size documents
- T / **3rd of November 1820**: Fief letter from Emperor Francis I for Ignaz Vonier concerning the seasonal alpine pasture Mareu in the Arlberg region in Tyrol

- D / Over centuries the alpine pasture Mareu (Alpe Mareu) in the Arlberg region in Tyrol close to the border of Vorarlberg was private property of the House of Habsburg. First the Habsburgs primarily invested citizens of the Bavarian town of Lindau, with Mareu, but from 1700 onwards they mostly invested the local upper class of the Montafon valley in Vorarlberg. On the 3rd of November 1820 Emperor Francis I gave Mareu to the former landammann of the Montafon, Ignaz Vonier, as a fief.

Liquidation de l'arrière des Pays-Bas.

Inscrit près la commission Générale de Liquidation, le 20 Mars 1812.

Signé de
Ypres à Ypres, le 20 Mars 1812.

Réclamation présentée à la commission Générale de Liquidation à la Haye, sous par l'acte du Juge de Paix, du 22 Mars 1812, n° 96, en exécution de la loi du 9 Février 1812, pour la liquidation de la contribution de l'ancien Pays conquis dans les provinces de Flandres à l'égard des Pays-Bas, et de la Loi du 20 Mars 1812.

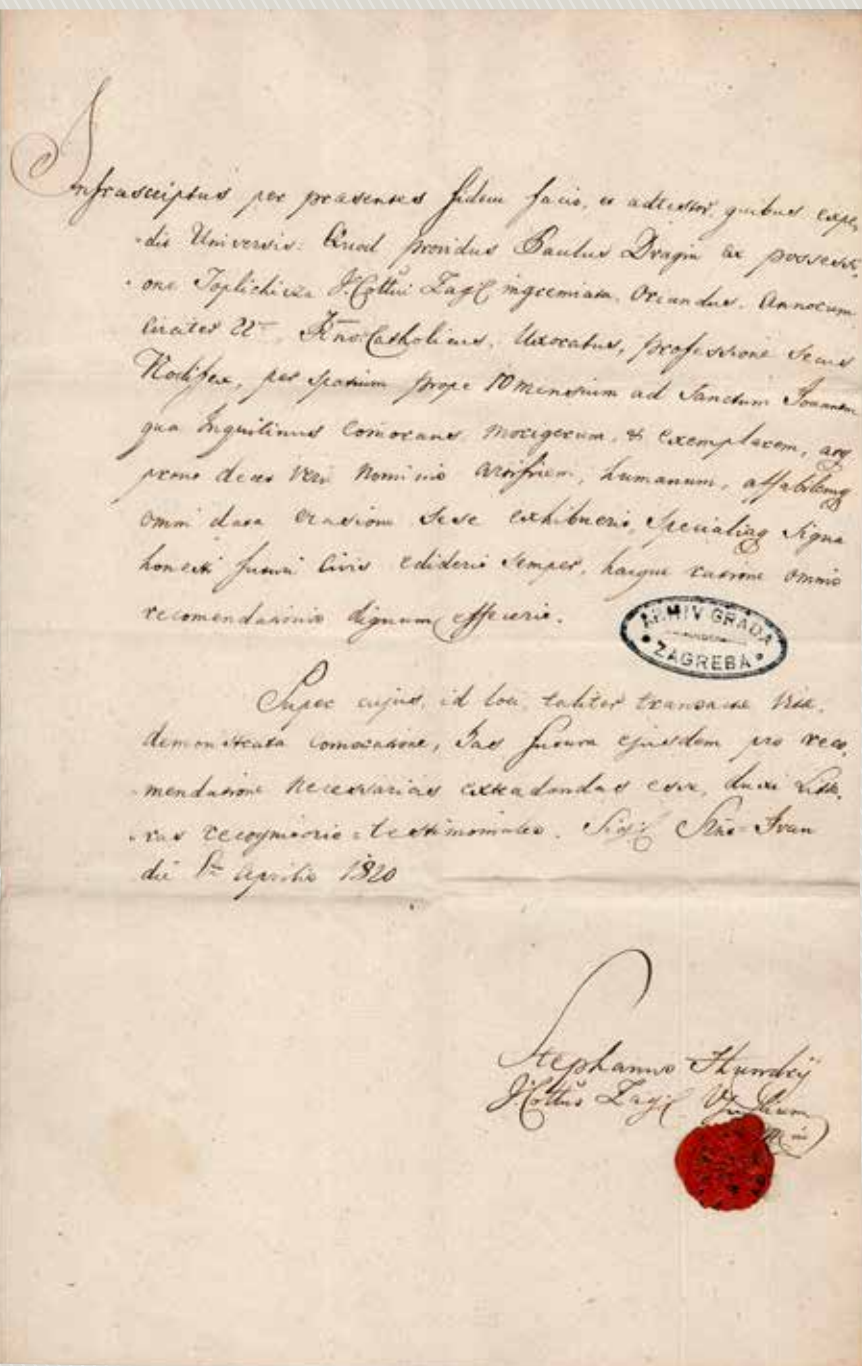
Nom, qualité et domicile de l'Intéressé.	Nature de la Réclamation.	Époque de l'origine de la réclamation.	Montant de la Réclamation.	Description des pièces à l'appui de la Réclamation.
V. Administration des Hospices civils de la Ville d'Ypres, procureur de la Commune, domicilié au Palais de Justice, à Ypres.	Indemnité pour perte des bâtiments appartenant à l'école de St. Germain, d'un terrain situé à St. Pierre, et pour les dépenses faites par la Ville, en construisant en 1794, 75 ans, le dit bâtiment, entièrement incendié par les Français, lors du bombardement d'Ypres en 1794.	1794	2571 40	Un procès verbal dressé par les experts de St. Germain et de St. Pierre, à la suite de la destruction de l'école de St. Germain et de St. Pierre, en date du 1. Mars 1794, et l'estimation de tous les bâtiments et terrains situés en la paroisse de St. Germain et St. Pierre, qui ont été incendiés par les Français - Originaire de St. Germain, pour un terrain, situé près de St. Germain, qui a été incendié par les Français, le 1. Mars 1794.
	Totaux capital.		2571 40	

Mettre à Ypres, en l'honneur de l'Administration des Hospices civils, le 6 Mars 1812.



Belgium

- A / IEPER, Stadsarchief Ieper (Belgium)
- R / Commissie Burgerlijke Godshuizen 177
- T / 6th of March 1820: Claim by the Ypres hospices commission to the general commission for liquidation in The Hague
- D / Claim of 2.571.43 guilders by the Ypres hospices commission to the general commission for liquidation in The Hague, as a compensation for the destruction of a farm, owned by the commission and rented by Pierre Hille, in Ypres-Saint-Pierre. The farm had been set afire by the Austrian defenders during the French bombardment of the town in 1794. Although written during the United Kingdom of the Netherlands, the text is in French.



- A / ZAGREB, Državni arhiv u Zagrebu (Croatia)
- R / HR-DAZG-1115 Kaptol Button craft guild, 14., 1820. g.
- T / 6th of April 1820: Certificate of Kaptol's buttonmaker's guild for Paulus Dragic
- D / Button craft on Zagreb's Kaptol settlement was founded in 1675. At the end of the 17th century there were nine buttonmakers in the guild, in the 18th century, 64 masters worked at Kaptol. One of them was Paulus Dragic, a married, 22 years old Roman Catholic citizen, who got his certificate in Latin language. The guild's masters urged Kaptol's leadership to punish masters who were not members of the guild, so Kaptol in the 17th and 18th centuries forbade buttonmakers to work outside the guilds.



- A / TALLINN, Tallinna Linnaarhiiv (Estonia)
- R / TLA.149.4.246
- T / 1820: Cadastral map of the Ziegelskoppel district and the Großcarls and Kleincarls islands by the Tallinn town surveyor Magnus Johan Storch

- D / Currently these lands are part of Northern Tallinn, and they form respectively the Kopli settlement and the Paljassaare peninsular.

DÉPARTEMENT
du
PAS-DE-CALAIS
Arrondissement
de
SAINT-OMER.

Saint-Omer, le 8 Mars 1820.

N.º 61.

OBJET.

Le MAIRE de la Ville de Saint-Omer,

à Monsieur le Colonel Commandant de la 1^{re} Division
de la Région.

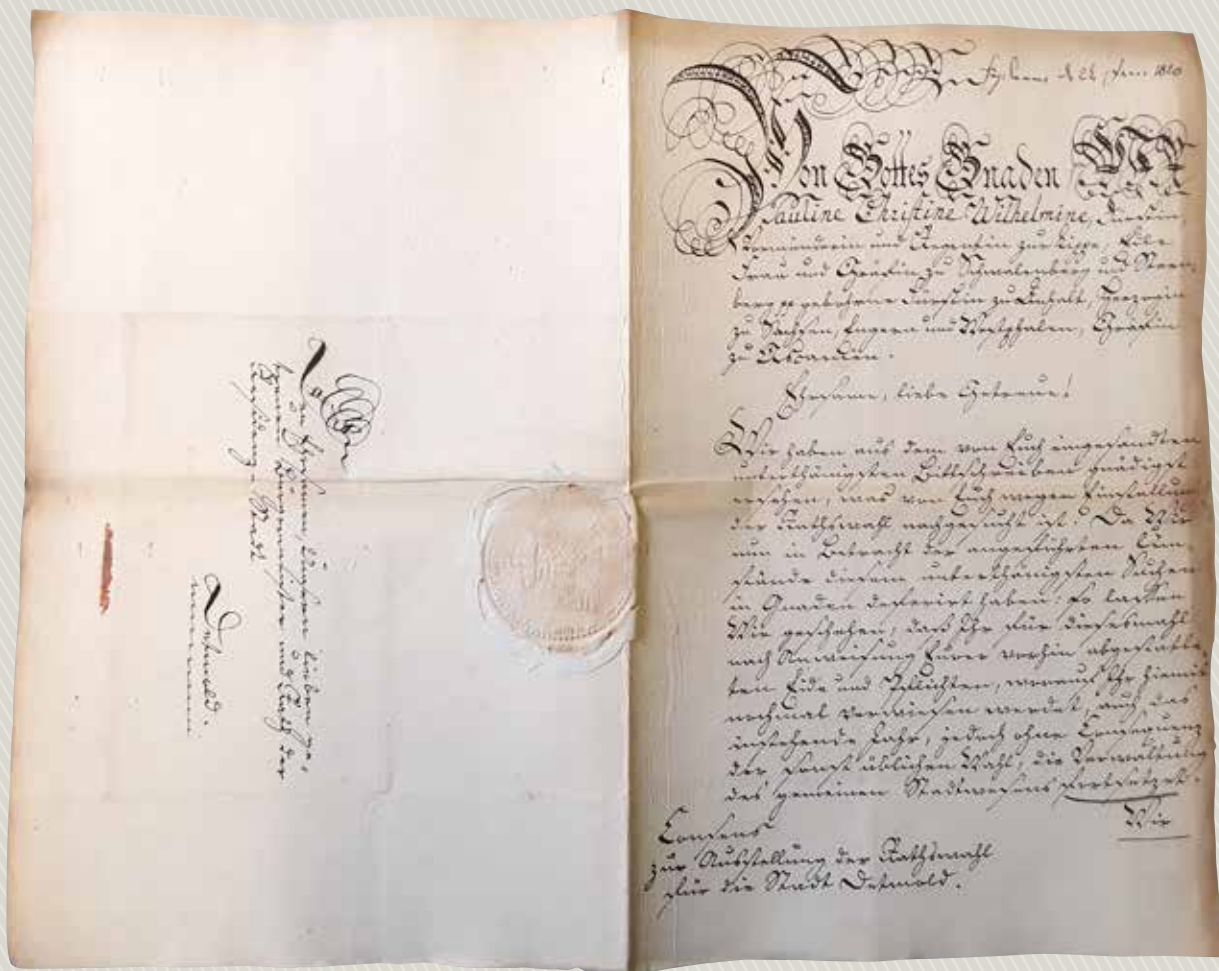
*Paris le 8 Mars
Monsieur le Colonel
Monsieur le Maire
Monsieur le Maire
Monsieur le Maire*

Je suis honoré de vos lettres
du 27 février, de l'urgence faite pour découvrir
l'auteur de l'attentat qui a eu lieu sur le
personnel de votre Excellence à Saint-Omer le 4
de ce mois en faisant sa bagatelle à l'endroit
d'un des canons de la Batterie de la place.
Cet attentat paraît bien douter

particulièrement quand on remarque une contradiction dans
la déclaration de la Gazette, par rapport à la
certitude des auteurs pour lesquels les lois
sont égales. Il est en une parfaite contradiction.

Monsieur le Colonel
Monsieur le Maire
Monsieur le Maire
Monsieur le Maire

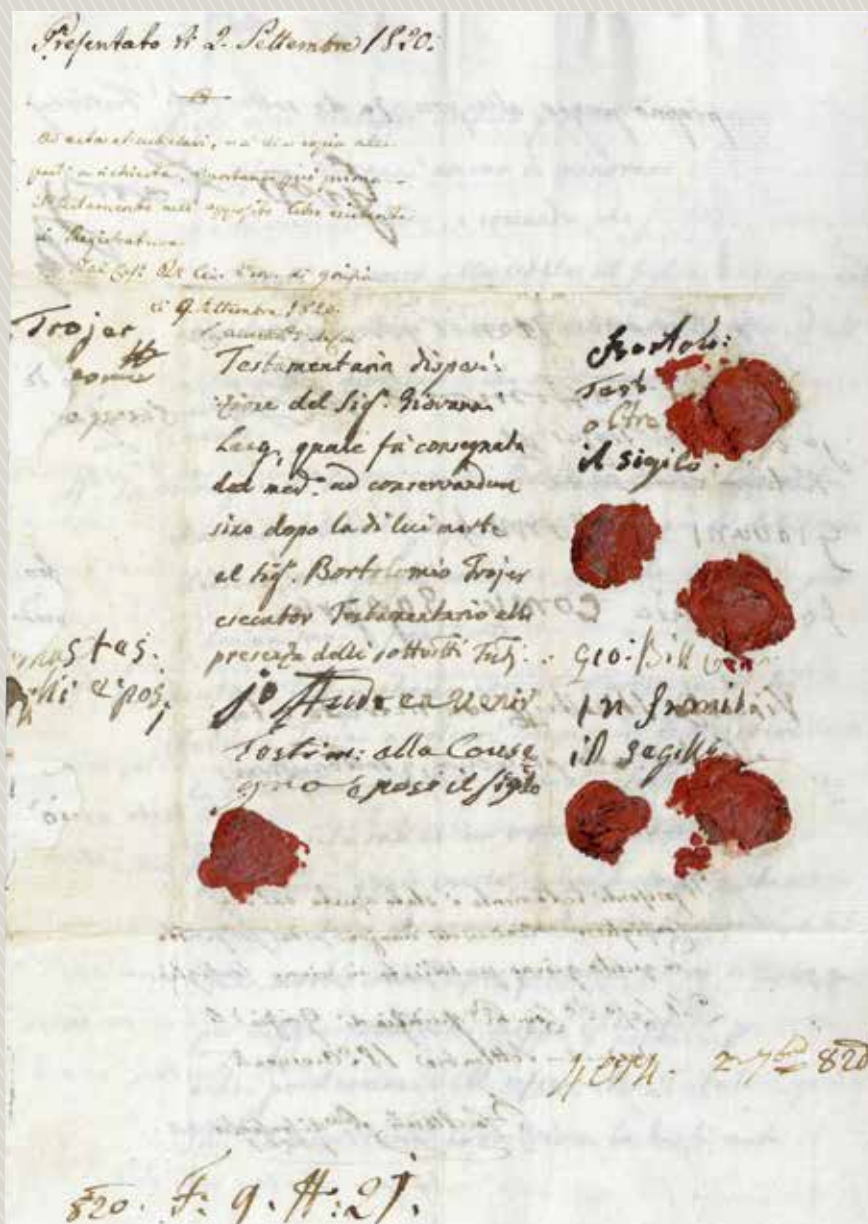
- A/ SAINT-OMER, Pôle archives de la Bibliothèque d'agglomération de Saint-Omer (France)
- R/ Archives communales de Saint-Omer, correspondance du Maire, 1820
- T/ 8th of March 1820: Letter by the town mayor of Saint-Omer to the town commander
- D/ In this letter, the mayor, Fidèle-Henri Le Sergeant de Bayenghem, informs colonel Charles Bussièrre, royal-lieutenant, on the investigation undertaken after shots were fired at Antoine Baubiey, a sentry near the Saint-Adrian's powder house in Saint-Omer on the night of the 3rd and 4th of March 1820.



Germany

A / DETMOLD, Stadtarchiv (Germany)
 R / 106 Detmold, Nr. 161
 T / December 1819 - 2nd of January
 1820: Letter by Pauline Christine
 Wilhelmine, princess of Lippe, to
 the town council of Detmold in
 which she approves the suspension
 of the upcoming council elections.

D / Princess Pauline Christine Wilhelmine of Lippe (1769-1820) was
 considered an important reformer of her time. Since the death of
 her husband in 1802, she ruled the small principality of Lippe.
 By writing to the mayor and the councilors of the town of
 Detmold, she approves the suspension of the upcoming council
 elections. Similar requests from the town council had been
 received in previous years and had been answered positively. The
 town council received the letter on January the 2nd 1820.



- A/ GORIZIA, Archivio di Stato di Gorizia (Italy)
- R/ Archivio notarile - Testamenti (1659-1929), box 10, file 40
- T/ 2nd September 1820: Excerpt from the testament of Giovanni Lang († 1820), former secular chancellor of the episcopal authority of the city of Gorizia
- D/ In his last will, written at Gorizia, Giovanni Lang, bequeaths a total of 490 florins. Beneficiaries are in part the Pious Hospital of Gorizia and the Poorhouse of Gorizia. His sons Giuseppe, a soldier, and Giovanni, still a minor, receive 100 florins and the rest goes to his wife, Mariana, with the requirement to pay debts and celebrate some services for the testator's soul. He appoints Bortolomio Trojer as the testamentary executor.

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1820, [Nr. 72.]

B e f e h l
Seiner Kaiserlichen Majestät,
 des Kaiserlichen aller Russen,
 aus der Kaiserlichen Gouvernements-Regierung,
 jedermännlichen Wissenschaft und Nachsicht.

Die vielfältig gemachte Bemerkung, daß die von den Bauern bei Sr. Erlaucht, dem Königl. Herrn Kriegs-Gouverneur und Civil-Oberbefehlshaber in den Ost-Preussen N. N. Marquis Paulucci, in deutscher und russischer Sprache eingereichten Beschwerden öfters unvollständig abgefaßt sind, oder auch nicht eine richtige Darstellung der zur Klage gebührenden That-Umstände — theils nicht zur Sache gehörige nur von den unternen Supplicanten-Schreibern hergeleitete Bemerkungen, und auch viel Verunglimpfungen gegen die Ehre der Gerichts-Behörden enthalten — „die unerschuldete des Reichswehrführers zur Last fallen“ — haben gedachte Sr. Erlaucht, dem Herrn Civil-Oberbefehlshaber, veranlaßt, der Kaiserlichen Gouvernements-Regierung aufzutragen, die Weisheit zu erlassen: daß es bei unzulässiger Bezeichnung durch ansehnliche Soldat- oder verborgene Strafen werden werde, für Bauern die Sr. Erlaucht dem Herrn Civil-Oberbefehlshaber eine Beschwerde zu unterlegen haben, Supplicanten anzufertigen, und solcher Behandlung eben so wohl die Verfasser, als die Abschreiber solcher Supplicanten unterlegen werden sollen — da nicht nur bei Anwesenheit gedachter Sr. Erlaucht in Riga, sondern auch selbst auf einer von Sr. Erlaucht dem Herrn Civil-Oberbefehlshaber unternehmenden Inspections-Reise es den Bauern nicht an der Gelegenheit fehlen wird, über ihre wegen verlagter Rechtsfälle mit Grund angeführten Klagen mündlich in einem darüber gehaltenen Protocoll, von einem der bei Sr. Erlaucht angehaltenen Beamten, vernommen zu werden.

Zur schicklichen Erfüllung dieses Auftrages wird demnach folches von der Kaiserlichen Gouvernements-Regierung befohlen, zu jedermännlichen Wissenschaft gebracht, und insbesondere den Bauern des Kaiserlichen Gouvernements bekannt gemacht, daß selbige — wenn sie wegen ihnen verlagter Rechtsfälle mit Grund Sr. Erlaucht, dem Königl. Herrn Kriegs-Gouverneur und Civil-Oberbefehlshaber Klagen zu unterlegen haben, — selches bei Demselben nicht schriftlich, sondern mündlich, thun sollen, und sich möglichst Allen und Jedem hierdurch streng unterlagt, bei Vermeidung unabweislicher Strafen durch arbitrarie Geld- oder Arreststrafe, für die Bauern zu schreiben an gedachte Sr. Erlaucht, dem Herrn Civil-Oberbefehlshaber, anzufertigen; welcher Behandlung fernest die Verfasser der Supplicanten, als auch die Abschreiber derselben, werden unterlegen werden.

Damit diese betreffende Anweisung auch zur Kenntnis der Bauern komme; so werden von der Gouvernements-Regierung die Herren Prediger dieses Gouvernements angewiesen, solche am ersten Sonntag nach Empfang dieser Publication in den Kirchen in der Bauernsprache bekannt zu machen, auch diese Bekanntmachung in jedem Jahre, und zwar am ersten Sonntag des Monats Januar, am ersten Sonntag des Monats Mai und am ersten Sonntag des Monats September zu wiederholen.

Riga-Schloß, den 7. September 1820.
J. Du Hamel, Civil-Gouverneur.
 Graf Kossul, Regierungsrath.
 J. v. Rogge, Regierungsrath.

Secretair Fr. Büßing.

УКАЗЪ ЕГО ИМПЕРАТОРСК. БЛАЖИЧЕСТВА
 Самодержца Всероссийскаго
 Императора Александра Второго
 Императорскому Правлению
 по военному ведомству и наводному.

Рижский Господин Военный Губернатор, Главноуправляющий по гражданской части в окоевскихъ провинцияхъ Генералъ-Фейерманнъ и разные орденныя Кавалеры Маршалъ Филиппъ Осиповичъ Паулуци по военокраиннымъ замечаниямъ — что подавляя Его Самодержавному отцу разнымъ крестьянамъ въ российскомъ и немилостивомъ дальнихъ жалобъ либо *сочиненныхъ* или же заключенныхъ изъ себя отъ части неправильно-изъясненныхъ обстоятельствъ, къ жалобъ принадлежащая, а отъ части и неправдающая къ делу, во столько подальшимъ писаниемъ просили личнаго свиданья, а иногда и личнаго присутствия самихъ чинниковъ присудившихся имъ клеветы „что все натурально останется на означенности чинниковъ, хотя поному и несправно“ — писель себя по будничности предложить Императорскому Правлению, дабы предписало Указомъ что по неизменному довереннымъ шифромъ или личнымъ арестомъ запрещается писать прошения для крестьянамъ, кои напередъ жалуются Его Самодержавному Рижскому Господину Военному Губернатору и что сей означенности подтвержуша какъ соизволивъ писавшихъ прошения, такъ и въ, кои оныя будутъ переписывать, такъ больше: что крестьянамъ не только во время выхаживанья Господня Военнаго Губернатора въ Ригу, но также при объезде Его Самодержавнымъ Главною своего Управленія провинцій да неощемляются случаи быть, столько допущаемы однимъ или выходящимъ при Его Самодержавномъ чинниковъ въ означенно приносимой объ означенныхъ правосудии жалобъ, которая и будеть занесена въ ведомой по сему предмету прощалью.

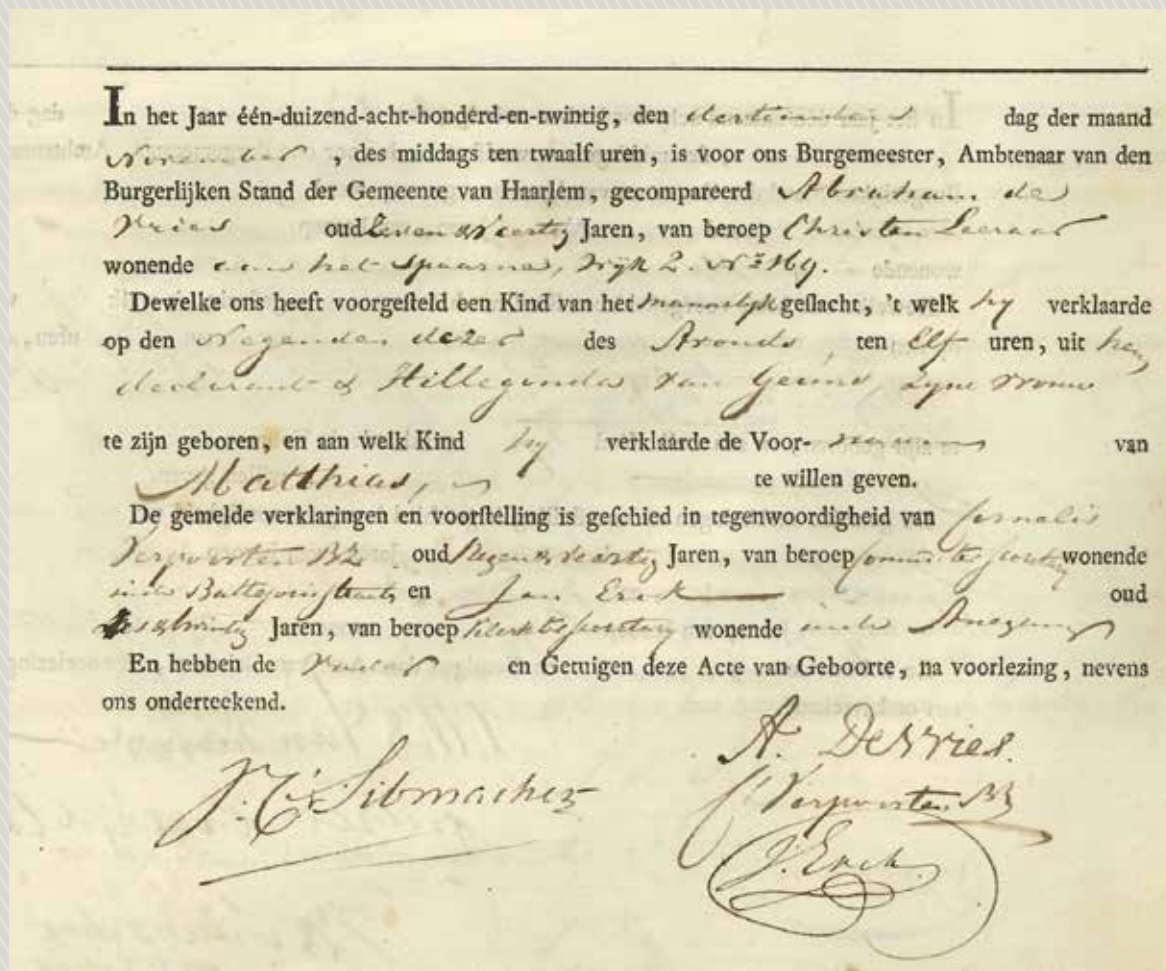
Возмездие что Императорскому Правлению объявлено сиямъ вышеописанное предложение ко занесу родовому свиданью а особливо крестьянамъ Император. съ шифромъ: что буде въ рассужденіи означеннаго правосудія чинники подавляя Его Самодержавному Рижскому Господину Военному Губернатору Генералъ-Фейерманну жалобу, наковому изъ явилась она Императорскому в писанно по емолено; причёмъ всякъ и каждому строго воспрещается подъ описаннѣмъ неизменно довереннаго шифромъ или личнаго ареста никакихъ писемъ крестьянамъ для подачи Его Самодержавному жалобъ, съ шифромъ: что въ прошившихъ случаяхъ какъ и соизволивъ прошения, такъ и въ, кои оныя будутъ переписывать подтвержуша вышеописанной означенности.

А дабы означенное накомъ образомъ разпорядженіе и должно до свиданья крестьянамъ Императорскому Правленію представляемъ ожидающимся въ здешней Губерніи Господ. Пастирарь, дабы получивши сей публикующий въ первое воскресенье объявляя оное въ каждой изъ крестьянскихъ церквей и сіе объявленіе возобновляя ежегодно въ мѣсяцъ в. воскресенье Сентября, 1. воскресенье Мая и въ 1. воскресенье Сентября мѣсяцевъ. Рига замокъ Сентября 7. дня 1820. года.

Гражданскій Губерн. И. ДЮ ГАМЕЛЬ.
 Правленія Составилъ ГРАФЪ КОСКУЛЬ.
 Императорскому И. Фомъ РОТТЕ.
 Секретарь Ф. Фессингъ.

- A / RIGA, Latvijas Valsts vēstures arhīvs (Latvia)
- R / LVVA, 77. f., 1. apr., 1938. l., b. p. (Nr. 3903)
- T / 7th of September 1820: Executive order by the Livian civil government prohibiting to help farmers write written complaints to Filip Paulucci, the military governor and senior commander of the Baltic Governorates.
- D / Farmers' complaints contain a lot of inconsistencies and information that is not relevant to the case, so it is forbidden to help write such complaints or rewrite them. Farmers with complaints, can orally address the accompanying officials of the military governor, in Riga or during his travels in the provinces. Those who don't obey, shall be fined or imprisoned. The text is printed in German and Russian.

Latvia

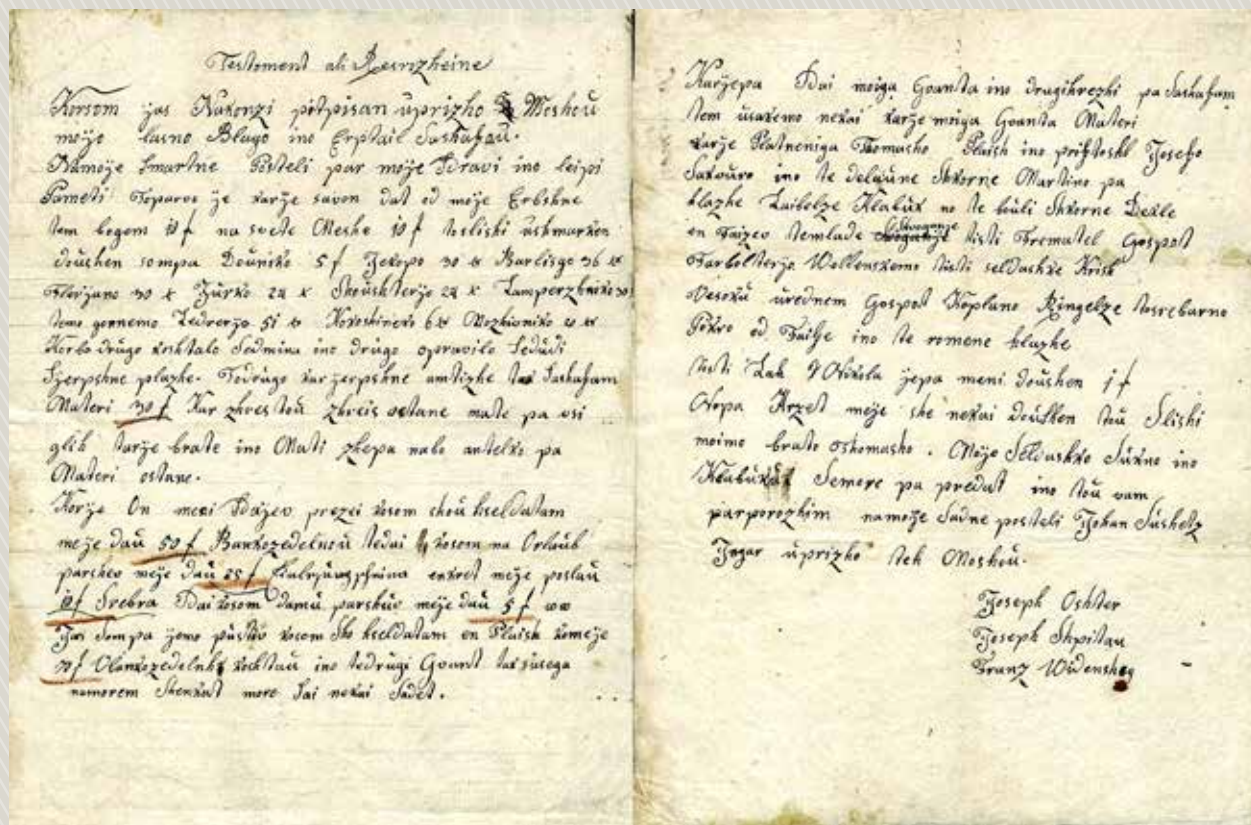


A/ HAARLEM, Noord-Hollands Archief (Netherlands)

R/ Burgerlijke Stand van Haarlem, geboorteakten 1820

T/ 13th of November 1820: Birth certificate of Matthias de Vries, born in Haarlem on the 9th of November.

D/ Matthias de Vries (1820-1892) was born in Haarlem on the 9th of November 1820. His parents were Abraham de Vries and Hillegonda van Geuns. He became professor of Dutch and history at the universities of Groningen and Leiden. He was the co-founder of the "Woordenboek der Nederlandsche Taal", nowadays with around 400.000 words the biggest monolingual dictionary in the world. The first volume was printed in 1864.



A/ **CELJE**, Zgodovinski arhiv Celje (Slovenia)

R/ Local Court of Šalek and Turn, SI_ZAC/0556/002/00041

T/ Shortly before 17th of November 1820: Testament of the serf Janez Sušec in Šalek

D/ The retired soldier Janez Sušec from Šalek (today part of Velenje) was a rather rich man for rural setting. He dictated the testament on his deathbed in front of three witnesses. Part of his property was donated to the church for the conduct of Masses. The main heirress was his mother, and the rest of the money went in equal shares to his three brothers, who also had to share his clothes - except for his uniform that had to be sold. Other heirs are the Velenje manorial administrator and the local chaplain. The will is written in Slovene and is dated according to the record in the attached file, which states that Sušec died on the 17th of November 1820.

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[Saint-Omer](#) / [Schruns](#) / [Tallinn](#) / [Uppsala](#) / [Zagreb](#)

June, 2020

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